ALAN R. BRAYTON, ESQ., S.B. #73685 DAVID R. DONADIO, ESQ., S.B. #154436 BRAYTON PURCELL LLP Attorneys at Law 222 Rush Landing Road P.O. Box 6169 Novato, California 94948-6169 (415) 898-1555 (415) 898-1247 (Fax No.) 5 Attorneys for Plaintiff 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA 8 9 IN RE: ASBESTOS PRODUCTS LIABILITY Civil Action No. MDL. 875 LITIGATION (NO. VI), 10 11 12 This document relates to James Guthrie, Tony STATEMENT OF CASE STATUS AS Davidson, Ronald Zerangue, Samuel Rester, John Gray, Elmer Parolini, Wayne Dufault, Jesse Beverly, Jr. v. General Electric Company, Todd TO PLAINTIFF Ronald C. Zerangue 13 14 Shipyards Corporation, Lockheed Martin
Corporation, Raytheon Aircraft Company,
McDonnell Douglas Corporation, United States 15 District Court for the Northern District of 16 California, Case No.C07-2542-JL, Filed May 14, 2007. 17 18 19 Pursuant to Administrative Order No. 12 of May 31, 2007, the above-referenced plaintiff 20 makes the following statements: 21 1. SUBMISSION OF IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION 22 Plaintiff (full name): Ronald C. Zerangue; 23 Date of Birth: August 23, 1948; 24 Last four digits of plaintiff's social security number: "0797"; 25 asbestos-related injury victim. (The person who suffered the asbestos-Plaintiff is a: 26 related injury was Ronald C. Zerangue). 27 2. SUBMISSION OR RELATED COURT ACTIONS 28 Plaintiff identifies the following related actions, the status of each of the following being 9 10

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"pending" in the court unless otherwise indicated; with additional information on these related action(s) attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference:

Ronald C. Zerangue v. Asbestos Defendants, San Francisco Superior Court of the State of California, Case No. 274024. Claim of the Asbestos Injured Party for his personal injury. This case is active, pre-trial.

- 3. SUBMISSION OF STATEMENT OF CASE STATUS
- A. Plaintiff identifies the following defendants as non-bankrupt and unsettled the above stated plaintiff has pled against: GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY
- B. Plaintiff has achieved resolution of plaintiff's claim with the following defendants: Not applicable.
- Plaintiff now desires to dismiss from Plaintiff's action the following Defendants:Not applicable.
- D. Plaintiff identifies the following defendant(s) as currently in bankruptcy: Not applicable.
- 4. SUBMISSION OF MEDICAL REPORTS

Plaintiff submits that attached medical diagnosing report / opinion based upon objective and subjective data which is identified and descriptively set out within the report / opinion which will withstand a dispositive motion, and is based on objective and subjective data which is identified and descriptively set out within the report / opinion.

- 5. ALTERNATIVE PLAINTIFF SUBMISSION
- Not Applicable.
- TIMING REOUIREMENTS

Above plaintiff's action was filed on May 14, 2007 making this submission due on or before August 1, 2007.

- 7. SCREENED CASES
- Plaintiff's claims are not the result of a mass screening.
- 8. EXCLUSIONS

This case is not designated as 2MDL 875 (MARDOC).

9. SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE / SUGGESTIONS OF REMAND

Plaintiff asks that a settlement conference be set in this matter and seeks remand of this case back to the originating court.

10. MANNER OF SUBMISSIONS

In accordance with FRCivP Rule 5, a copy of the foregoing submission is served upon all parties in this above-identified action (Case No.C07-2542-JL) pursuant to the local rules of the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, upon filing with that Court, using that Court's transmission facilities by means of the Court's CM/ECF (Case Management / Electronic Case Filing) system.

Dated: 7 10 07

BRAYTON❖PURCELL LLP

By:

Attorneys for Plaintiff Ronald C. Zerangue

G:\MDL\AUGUST | PROJECT\run on 7 6 07 as of 1051.wpd [101495.003 Ronald C. Zerangue]

DEFENDANTS IN RELATED COURT ACTION

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ALLIS-CHALMERS CORPORATION PRODUCT LIABILITY TRUST CLEAVER-BROOKS, INC. 4 BUCYRUS INTERNATIONAL, INC. THOMAS DEE ENGINEERING CO., INC. FOSTER WHEELER LLC GARLOCK SEALING TECHNOLOGIES, LLC 6 GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY LAMONS GASKET COMPANY OWENS-ILLINOIS, INC. PARKER-HANNIFIN CORPORATION QUINTEC INDUSTRIES, INC. RAPID-AMERICAN CORPORATION R.F. MACDONALD CO. UNIROYAL HOLDING, INC. VIACOM, INC. 11 ZURN INDUSTRIES, INC. WESTERN MacARTHUR COMPANY MacARTHUR COMPANY WESTERN ASBESTOS COMPANY HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL, INC. FORD MOTOR COMPANY GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION TOYOTA MOTOR SALES U.S.A., INC. NISSAN NORTH AMERICA, INC. TITUSVILLE BOILER COMPANY 16 DAIKEN KOGYO COMPANY HOPEMAN BROTHERS, INC.

Defendants.

and DOES 1-8500,

J.T. THORPE & SON, INC.

GATKE CORPORATION

Ronald Zerangue vs. Asbestos Defendants (B&P)

METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

UNDERWRITERS LABORATORIES, INC.

AMÉRICAN CONFERENCE OF GOVERNMENTAL INDUSTRIAL HYGIENISTS, INC.

PNEUMO ABEX LLC AND EXEDY GLOBALPARTS CORPORATION

San Francisco Superior Court

East Bay Pulmonary Medical Group

Herman R Bruch, M.D. Richard A Bordow, M.D Frederick J Nachtwey, M.D Abid Majid, M.D. Pulmonary Medicine Internal Medicine Critical Care Medicine Occupational Lung Diseases Sleep Medicine

Professional Comporation

January 30, 2007

Alan R. Brayton, Esq. Brayton Purcell Law Firm 222 Rush Landing Road Novato, CA 94948

RE:

RONALD C. ZERANGUE

DOB: 08-23-1948

MEDICAL-LEGAL EVALUATION

Dear Mr. Brayton:

At your kind request, I had the pleasure of seeing Mr. Ronald C. Zerangue for a medical-legal evaluation regarding pulmonary consequences of the industrial exposure that he experienced while working in a variety of trades between 1972 and the present time. I did a complete pulmonary evaluation, including review of medical history, review of occupational history, physical examination, review of pulmonary function studies, and review of a CT scan done at Doctors Hospital San Pablo on January 30, 2007. These evaluations were performed in my office in San Pablo on January 30, 2007.

CHIEF COMPLAINT AND HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS

The patient is a 58-year-old Caucasian man, former auto mechanic and engine room worker, who is referred for a medical-legal evaluation in conjunction with exposures to a variety of toxic agents that he experienced during his work career.

The patient is currently being treated for ulcerative colitis and is cared for by the VA Hospital for this condition as well as for hypertension and hypercholesterolemia. He smoked 1 pack per day of cigarettes for approximately nine years between 1968 and 1977 and inhaled. He denies a history of lung disease and atherosclerotic heart disease (i.e., angina and myocardial infarction). He has no cough or shortness of breath. He occasionally wheezes in the morning and coughs up clear sputum. He has never had a workup or complained to a physician regarding this symptom. He is able to keep up with other men his own age. He has intermittent symptoms that appear related to chronic sinusitis including intermittent headaches, but these symptoms are inconsistent.

MEDICAL-LEGAL EVALUATION RE: RONALD C. ZERANGUE January 30, 2007, Page 2

There is no history of childhood lung disease and no prior history of tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, or other medical problems.

During his work career, he describes extensive exposure to asbestos fiber dust while working and removing lagging and insulation in different careers. He is being evaluated today for possible pulmonary injury from these exposures.

PAST MEDICAL HISTORY

No history of diabetes mellitus, tuberculosis, or rheumatic heart disease. Positive for hypertension, increased cholesterol, sinus disease, and ulcerative colitis.

MEDICATIONS

- 1. Atenolol 50 mg one b.i.d.
- Hydrochlorothiazide 25 mg one-half tab daily.
- 3. Levothyroxine 0.25 daily.
- Lovastatin 40 mg q.h.s.
- 5. Aspirin 81 mg daily.
- 6. Fish oil 1000 mg and omega-3 one per day.
- 7. Daily multivitamins.

ALLERGIES

None.

HOSPITALIZATIONS

None.

SURGERY

Sinus times two as an outpatient, one for a deviated septum.

Filed 07/30/2007

MEDICAL-LEGAL EVALUATION RE: RONALD C. ZERANGUE January 30, 2007, Page 3

SOCIAL HISTORY

He is currently a nonsmoker (see above). He drank moderately up until about 10 years ago, but has not had anything since then.

PERSONAL/FAMILY HISTORY

He is married. He has one child, age 32, who has a child, age 12, with asthma. His father died at age 83 of kidney failure. His mother died around age 88, he believes of a cerebrovascular accident. There is no history of lung disease in the family.

REVIEW OF SYSTEMS

He has been in reasonably good health. He has a good appetite. His weight is stable. He describes himself as active.

<u>CNS</u>: No history of strokes or seizures. He has periodic sinus headaches.

Musculoskeletal: He has a little bit of pain in his fingers and some morning stiffness; otherwise unremarkable.

Cardiovascular: Negative.

Pulmonary: See History of Present Illness.

Gastrointestinal: History of ulcerative colitis for one year; however, approximately five years ago he had endoscopy for rectal bleeding. No history of other gastrointestinal abnormalities.

Genitourinary: No history of kidney or bladder problems.

OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY

For the last three weeks, he has been on a new job installing office furniture. In 2006, he was unemployed, primarily due to ulcerative colitis.

Between 1981 and 2006, he worked full-time as an auto mechanic. He did general mechanic work, including brakes and clutches, and worked in a specialty shop doing sports cars. He was not exposed to toxins, but did do at least one brake job per day on MEDICAL-LEGAL EVALUATION RE: RONALD C. ZERANGUE January 30, 2007, Page 4

the old-fashioned brakes, including asbestos-containing brake pads. He said this was quite dusty and he would be blowing out the drums with an air hose, and he could see visible dust in the air. He also owns 12 cars and for the last 30 years he has done one brake job per car per year.

Between 1976 and 1981, he worked for Allied or General Chemical in Richmond as a maintenance mechanic. He was exposed to a variety of toxic fumes, including sulfur, hydrosulfuric acid, and other gases. He often worked with insulation, particularly for asbestos-insulated gaskets on catalytic converters (approximately every two months for approximately two days). He stated that he manually pulled the gaskets apart and then replaced them. He said it was very dusty and that he could see visible dust in the air and that he also was responsible for reapplying insulating material that contained asbestos. He knocked the insulation off with a hammer to remove the lagging. During the last couple of years of this employment, he did wear a mask.

Between 1972 and 1976, he worked in the U.S. Navy as a boiler tender doing maintenance on steam lines that were covered with asbestos insulation. Whenever there was a leak or a need for maintenance, he removed the insulation, which was comprised of asbestos, using a hammer and chisel and ripping it apart. This was quite a dusty job. He did it mostly indoors. His clothes were covered with the visible dust.

There were no other exposures to toxic materials that he could recall during his working career.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

On physical examination, the patient is an alert comfortable gentleman in no acute distress.

<u>Vital Signs</u>: SaO₂ is 97%. Blood pressure 145/95 (notified him that it was elevated). Heart rate 50. Respiratory rate 14.

HEENT: Examination of the head, eyes, ears, nose, and throat is unremarkable. The pupils are equal, round, and reactive to light. Extraocular movements intact. The fundi are benign.

Neck: The neck is supple. There is no cervical or supraclavicular adenopathy.

Chest: Clear to percussion and auscultation.

Filed 07/30/2007

MEDICAL-LEGAL EVALUATION RE: RONALD C. ZERANGUE January 30, 2007, Page 5

<u>Cardiac</u>: Examination of the heart reveals a regular rhythm without gallops, murmurs or rubs.

Abdomen: Soft, no hepatosplenomegaly.

Extremities: No clubbing, cyanosis or edema.

Neurologic: Grossly unremarkable.

PULMONARY FUNCTION STUDIES

Pulmonary function studies were done at Doctors Hospital San Pablo on January 30, 2007. The vital capacity and other static lung volumes were within normal range. During the forced vital capacity maneuver, the FEV₁/FVC was mildly reduced at 73%, and there is some concavity on the flow-volume loop. Following the administration of bronchodilators, there was a significant improvement in airflow as measured by the improvement in the FVC and FEV₁, suggesting that at least some of this airflow obstruction was reversible. The pulmonary diffusing capacity was mildly reduced at 70% of predicted, suggesting that a gas exchange abnormality is also present.

<u>Conclusion</u>: This is an abnormal pulmonary function study showing reversible airflow obstruction, but no evidence for restrictive lung disease. The abnormal pulmonary diffusing capacity suggests a gas exchange abnormality and could reflect the presence of either underlying interstitial lung disease or underlying emphysema.

CT SCAN

A noncontrast thin-section high-resolution CT of the thorax was done at Doctors Hospital San Pablo on January 30, 2007. Multiple contiguous 7-mm axial helical images were acquired throughout the entire chest in the prone and supine positions. Standard CTs were also done of the lungs and upper abdomen. The heart and mediastinum are normal. There was a profusion of centrilobular nodular opacities on the prone views. In addition, there are bilateral pleural plaques and a calcified left diaphragmatic pleural plaque.

These films were reviewed by Dr. Donald Breyer on February 8, 2008 and his report is attached. Dr. Breyer concluded that the parenchymal findings were "consistent with mild interstitial fibrosis..." and that there were bilateral pleural plaques. Regarding the

MEDICAL-LEGAL EVALUATION RE: RONALD C. ZERANGUE January 30, 2007, Page 6

calcified pleural findings he concluded that they were "pathognomonic of asbestos related pleural disease".

<u>IMPRESSION</u>

- History of cigarette smoking, approximately 10 pack-years. 1.
- 2. History of intermittent intense asbestos exposure in his employment as a maintenance mechanic, auto mechanic, and home car enthusiast.
- 3. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in association with cigarette smoking with reversible airflow obstruction.
- 4. Asbestosis secondary to #2
- 5. Asbestos pleural disease secondary to #2
- 6. History of hypertension.
- 7. History of hypercholesterolemia.
- 8. History of hypothyroidism.
- 9. History of chronic sinus disease.
- 10. History of ulcerative colitis.

DISCUSSION

Thank you for asking me to evaluate Mr. Zerangue. In summary, he is an asymptomatic 58 year old man with (1) a history of relatively intense asbestos exposure in a variety of employments, (2) abnormal pulmonary function studies, suggesting reversible airflow obstruction and a gas exchange abnormality, and (3) an abnormal thin-section high-resolution CT showing changes consistent with interstitial fibrosis and pleural plaques. His physical examination is normal. I believe that the interstitial fibrosis is more likely than not to be due to his asbestos exposure and that the plaques are a consequence of his asbestos exposure. He also has chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, which is most likely secondary to his cigarette smoking, and his pulmonary function studies demonstrate that this is at least partially reversible. The observed gas exchange abnormality could be a consequence of underlying emphysema or of MEDICAL-LEGAL EVALUATION RE: RONALD C. ZERANGUE January 30, 2007, Page 7

destructive lung disease as is seen in asbestosis. Fortunately, he has not suffered a pulmonary disability at this time from his employment.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Mr. Zerangue is currently asymptomatic. His pulmonary function studies suggest that he has a component of reversible airflow obstruction and he might benefit from a medication program in the future (including rescue and control drugs), should his clinical condition dictate this. He clearly should maintain his nonsmoking status.

Mr. Zerangue has asbestosis and is relatively young. In view of the long latency period between asbestos exposure and adverse effects, it is possible that his asbestosis could progress as he ages. Therefore, he should have periodic thin-section CT scans of the chest and pulmonary function studies, at least every three years and regular monitoring of his oxygen saturation. His medical program should focus on measures of good lung health to include yearly influenza vaccination, pneumococcal vaccination, and early treatment of respiratory tract infection. Further exposure to asbestos fiber dust should be avoided.

Mr. Zerangue's asbestos exposure is worrisome and requires that he be followed carefully and re-evaluated regularly because he has a markedly elevated risk for the development of primary lung cancer and additionally for the development of other cancers of the pleura, upper airways, gastrointestinal tract, and kidneys. His risk for lung cancer is further aggravated by his cigarette smoking history. I have discussed my findings with Mr. Zerangue today.

Thank you very much for asking me to see him in consultation. If I can be of any further help in explaining my findings, please feel free to contact me.

Yours truly,

Richard A. Bordow, M.D.

RAB/mt504/181

DMC SP HIM-MED REC

PAGE 01/01

DOCTORS MEDICAL CENTER

San Pablo Campus 2000 Vale Road. San Pablo, CA 94806

PT: ZERANGUE, RONALD DOB:

ADM: 01/30/2007

ACCT: 0703000111 MR#: ROOM:

Richard Bordow, MD* 200706130096367800

AUTH ID: 646

OTHER

Pulmonary function study was done on the patient on 01/30/07. The operator noted that the patient exhibited a good and consistent effort and ATS criteria were met. The vital capacity and other static lung volumes were within normal range. During the forced vital capacity maneuver, the FEV1/FVC was mildly reduced at 73%, and there was some concavity on the flow volume loop particularly at lower lung volumes. Following administration of bronchodilators, there was a significant improvement in air flow as measured by the improvement in the FVC and FEV1 suggesting only some of this air flow obstruction is reversible. The pulmonary diffusing capacity was mildly reduced to 70% of predicted suggesting that a gas exchange abnormality is also present. This is an abnormal pulmonary function study showing reversible air flow obstruction but no evidence of restrictive lung disease. The abnormal pulmonary diffusing capacity suggests a gas exchange abnormality and could reflect the presence of other underlying interstitial lung disease or underlying emphysema as contributing factors.

RB: Spheris25884

D: 06/13/07 09:51 T: 06/13/07 10:59 DOCUMENT: 200706130096367800

Richard Bordow, MD+

Date Receiv M.D. initial: Date:

Authenticated by Richard Bordow, M.D. On 06/25/2007 09:47:33 AM

DATE

P.02/11

DEPARTMENT OF PULMONARY MEDICINE DOCTORS MEDICAL CENTER SAN PABLO CAMPUS

	Name: ZERANGUE RUNARD
2).	Height: 69//in. Finger tip to finger tip:in.
3) -	Weight: 196 lbs.
4).	Tested here before? Yes No Date
5).	Patient's dooperation: Good Fair Poor
	Patient's comprehension: Good Fair Poor
7).	Comments: 5000 + CUNSISTENT EFFORT.
	ATT CRISMA MET.

Name:	Zerangue, Ronald	ID:	0703000111	B\$A:	2.05	Date:	01/30/2007
Tech:	Trewin, Greg. RPFT	Height:	69.25	Age:		Room:	
Doctor:	Bordow, Richard	Weight:		Sex:	Male		Caucasian
							Carrent

Diagnosis:

Dyspnea: Tbco Prod: Cough:

Wheeze:

Medications:

Pre Test Comments: Post Test Comments: Yrs Smk: Pks/Dey:

Yrs Quit:

Predicted lung volumes, spirometry, and DLCO are from Crapo, et al, ARRD, Volume

123, pages 650-664 and 185-190, 1981.

•	Pı	e-Bronch		Po	st-Bronch	
	Pred	<u>Actual</u>	%Pred	Actual	%Pred	%Chng
SPIROMETRY			-			
FVC (L)	4.66	4.15	89	4.32	93	. 4
FEV1 (L)	3.68	3.03	82	3.26	88	8
FEV1/FVC (%)	79	73	92	75	95	3
FEF 25% (L/sec)	7.83	5.05	64	4.97	63	-2
FEF 75% (L/sec)	1.47	0.92	62	1.32	9 0	44
FEF 25-75% (L/sec)	3.52	2.18	62	2.87	82	32
FEF Max (L/sec)	9.20	7.31	79	7.43	81	2
FIVC (L)		4.07		4.13		1
FIF Max (L/sec)	3.80	6.14	162	6.5 7	173	7
— LUNG VOLUMES —					•	
SVC (L)	4.66	4.35	93	4,39	94	ľ
IC (L)	3.31	3.25	98	3.47	105	7
ERV (L)	1.35	1.10	81	0.92	68	-17
TGV (L)	3.53	2.61	74	•		
RV (Pleth) (L)	2.16	1.51	70			
TLC (Pleth) (L)	6.84	5.86	86			
RV/TLC (Pleth) (%)	32	26	81			
Trapped Gas (L)						
DIFFUSION						
DLCOunc (ml/min/mmHg)	34.13	24,04	70			
DLCOcor (ml/min/mmHg)	34.13	23.97	70			
DL/VA (ml/min/mmHg/L)	5.11	3.92	77			
VA(L)	6.76	6.11	90			
Hgb (gm/dL)	12-18	14.7				
— AIRWAYS RESISTANCE						
Raw (cmH2O/L/s)	1.45	0.81	56			
Gaw (L/s/cmH2O)	1.03	1.24	120			
sRaw (cmH2O*s)	4.76	2.54	53			
sGaw (1/cmH2O*s)	0.20	0.39	197			

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TO 9-2333114

P.04/11

DOCTORS MEDICAL CENTER SAN PABLO 2000 VALE RD SAN PABLO, CA

Name:	Zerangue, Ronald	ID:	0703000111	BSA:	2.05	Date:	01/30/2007
	Trewin, Greg, RPFT	 Height:	•	Age:	'	Room:	
	Bordow, Richard	Weight:	196.00	Sex:	Malc	Race:	Caucasian

Pre-Bronch

Post-Bronch

Actual

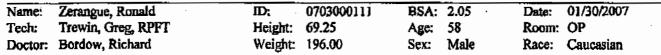
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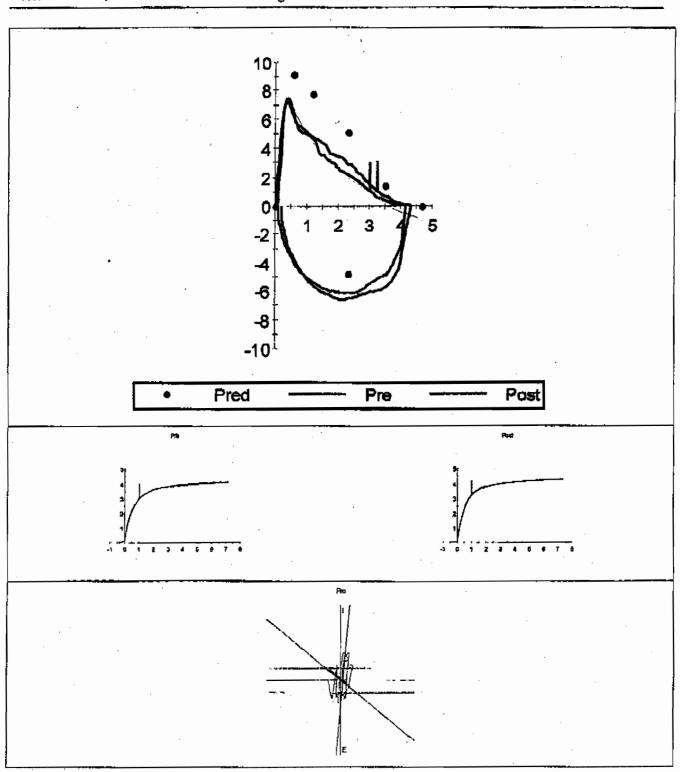
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TO 9-2333114

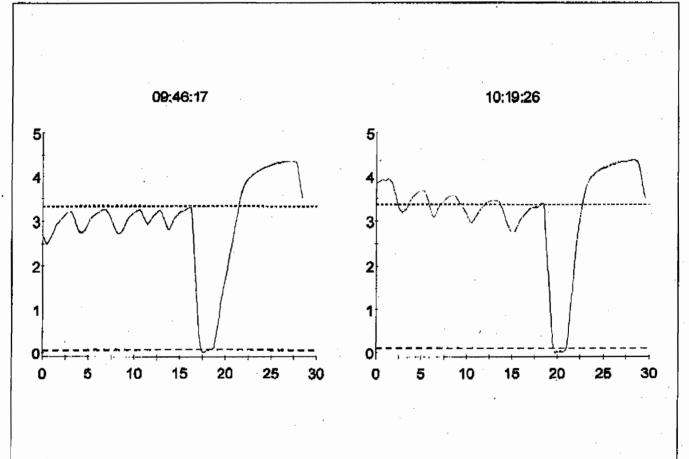
P.05/11





Name:	Zerangue, Ronald	ID:	0703000111	BSA:	2.05	Date:	01/30/2007
Tech:	Trewin, Greg, RPFT	Height:	69.25	Age:	58	Room:	OP
Doctor:	Bordow, Richard	Weight:	196.00	Sex:	Male	Race:	Caucasian

Time	Select	RpLp	Test Mode	Source				
					SVC	SVC	IC ·	IC
			,		absolute	% p/c	absolute	% p/e
Predicted					4.66		3.31	
Pre								
09:43:19				SVC	4.05	87	3.32	100
09:44:46				SVC	4.18	90	3.36	102
09:46:17	*			SVC	4.35	93	3.25	98
10:08:12				DLCO	4.38	94	3.74	113
10:16:17				DLCO	4.12	88	3.18	96
AVO			Pre/Baseline		4.35	93	3.25	98
Post								
10:17:35			,	8VC	4.29	-1	3.26	+0
10:18:37				\$VÇ	4.37	+0	3.39	+4
10:19:26	*			SVC	4.39	+1	3.47	+7
AVG			Post		4.39	+1	3,47	+7

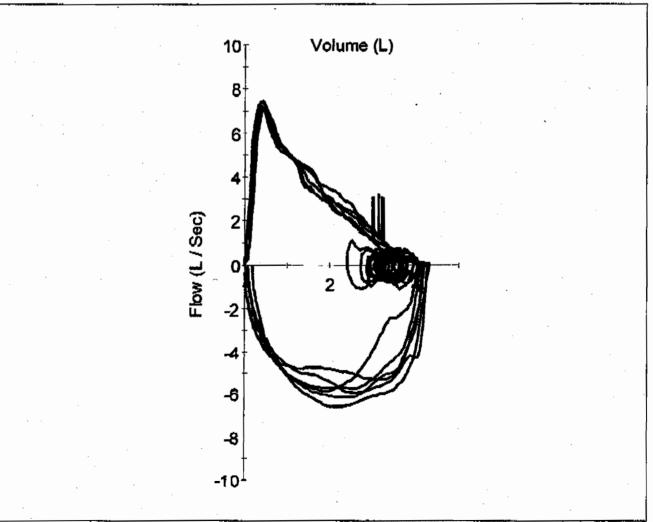


TO 9-2333114

P.07/11

Name:	Zerangue, Ronald	ID:	0703000111	BSA:	2.05	Date:	01/30/2007
Tech:	Trewin, Greg, RPFT	Height:	69.25	Age:	58	Room:	OP
Doctor:	Bordow, Richard	Weight:	196.00	Sex:	Male	Race:	Caucasian

Time	Select	I-Lp	Test Mode	ATS						
					FVC	FVC	FEV1			FEF 25-75%
					absolute	% p/¢	absolute	% p/e	absolute	abs olute
Pre										
09:50:18	*				4.15	89	3.00	82	72	2.18
09:49:27	*				4.11	88	3.02	82	73	2.25
09:47:25	•				4.07	87	3.03	82	74	2.35
AT\$		ı	Pre/Baseline		4.15	89	3.03	8 2	73	2.18
Post										
10:20:05	*				4.32	+4	3.26	+8	75	2.87
10:22:23	• •				4.27	+3	3.15	+4	74	2.57
10:21:24	•		•		4.21	+1	3.21	+6	76	2.72
ATS		J	Post		4.32	+4	3.26	+8	75	2.87



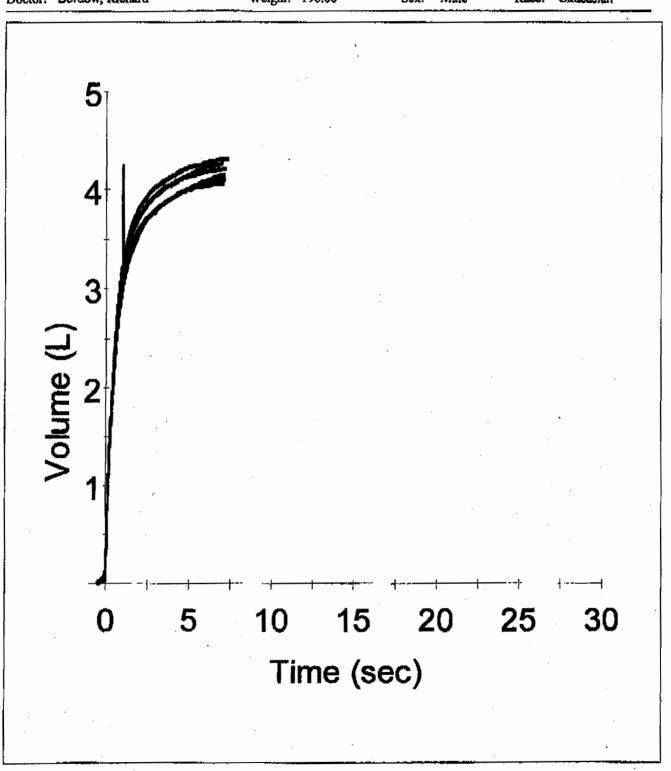
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TO 9-2333114 P.08/11

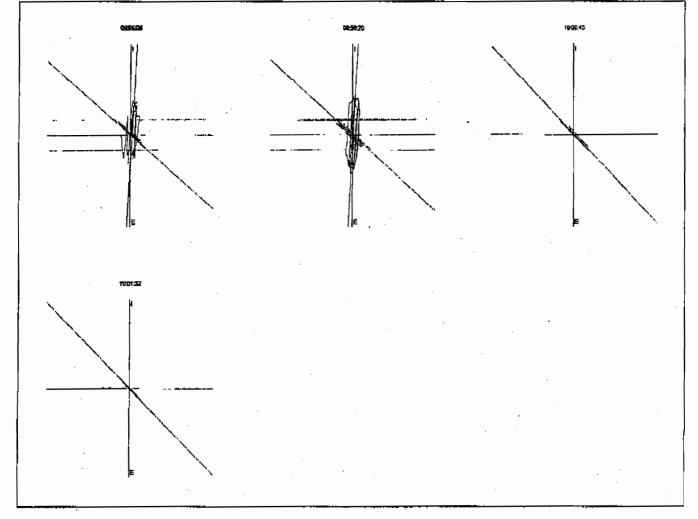
DOCTORS MEDICAL CENTER SAN PABLO 2000 VALE RD SAN PABLO, CA

0703000111 Zerangue, Ronald D: BSA: 2.05 01/30/2007 Name: Date: Room: OP Trewin, Greg, RPFT Height: 69.25 Age: 58 Tech: Doctor: Bordow, Richard Weight: 196,00 Sex: Male Race: Caucasian



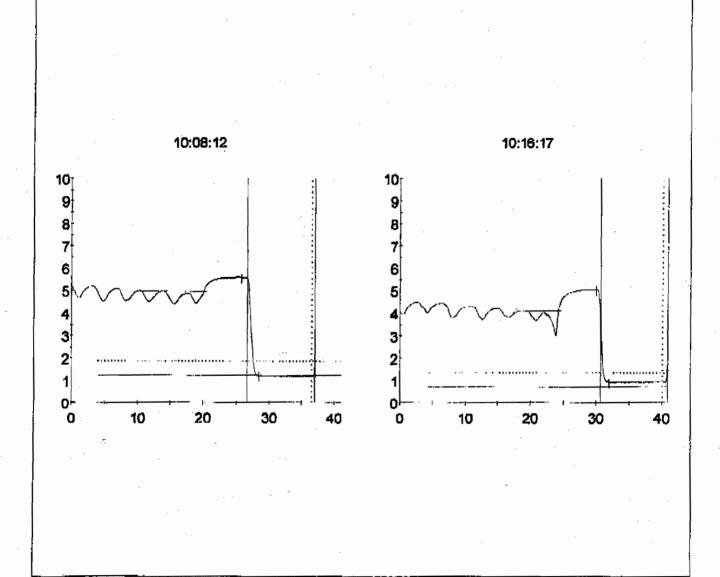
Name:	Zerangue, Ronald	ID:	0703000111	BSA:	2.05	Date:	01/30/2007
Tech:	Trewin, Greg, RPFT	Height:	69.25	Age:	5 8 ·	Room:	OP
Doctor:	Bordow, Richard	Weight:	196.00	Sex:	Male	Race:	Caucasian

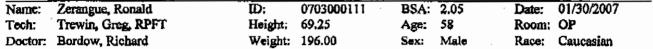
Time	RAW SEE	M SeleBtpLp	Test Mode	Codes						
					Raw	Raw	Gaw	Gaw	sRaw	sRaw
		-			absolute	% p/c	absolute	% p/c	absolute	% p/c
Predicted	i		·		1.45	·	1.03		4.76	
Pre										
09:55:06	*	*			0.80	56	1.24	121	2,55	54
09:55:53	}				0.71	49	1,40	136	2.24	47
09:56:20	*				0.81	56	1.23	120	2.53	53
10:00:17)			Invalid						
10:00:45		*								
10:01:09) ·			Invalid						
10:01:32		*								
AVG			Pre/Baselinc		0.81	56	1.24	120	2.54	53
Post										

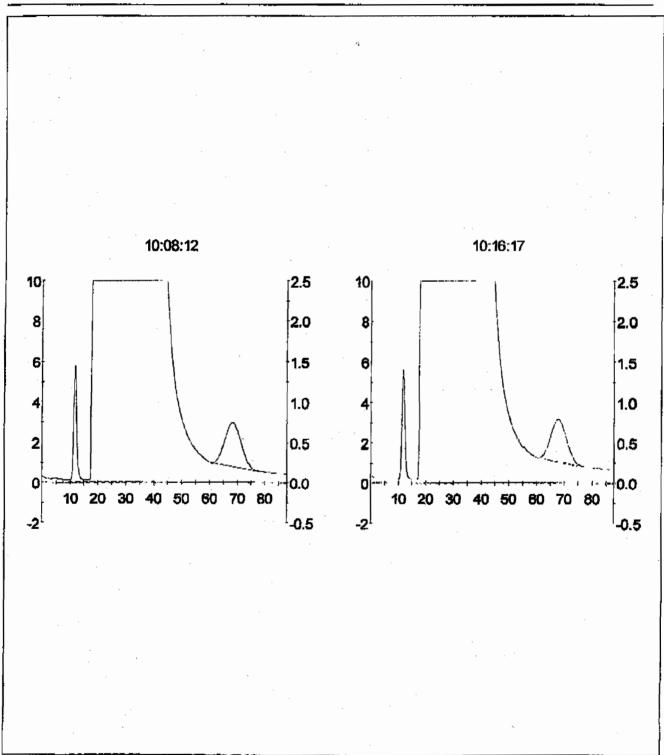


Name:	Zerangue, Ronald	ID:	0703000111	B\$A:	2.05	Date:	01/30/2007
Tech:	Trewin, Greg, RPFT	Height:	69.25	Age:	58	Room:	OP
Doctor:	Bordow, Richard	Weight:	196.00	Sex:	Male	Race:	Caucasian

Time	Select	RpLp	Test Mode	Codes	Protocol					
				•		DLCOunc	DLCQuad	DLCQcor	DLCOcor	DL/VA
						a bsolute	% µ/c	absolute	% p/c	a bsolute
Predicted						34.13		34.13		5.11
Pre										
10:08:12	*				Jones-Men	24,23	71	24.16	71	3.88
10:16:17	*				Jones-Méa	23.85	70	23.78	70	3.97
AVG]	Pre/Baseline			24.04	70	23.97	70	3.92
Post										







2/1/2007 9:34 AM FROM: Fax TO: +1 (510) 233-3114 PAGE: 001 OF 002



San Pablo

PATIENT DIAGNOSTIC REPORT

2000 Vale Road San Pablo, CA 94806 Phone (510) 970-5292

PATIENT NAME: ZERANGUE, RONALD C

EXAM : CT CHEST/THORAX W/O CM

SEX

PATIENT CLASS
OUTPATIENT

MED REC # 00083430

ACCOUNT# 0703000111 ACCESSION #

00083430

LODATION

0016019

RACE

BIRTHDATE 08/23/48 AGE @ EXAM 58 vr LOCATION

ADMISSION DATE 01/30/07 7:41 am

REFERRING PHYSICIAN : UNKNOWN, PHYSICIAN

ATTENDING PHYSICIAN : BORDOW, RICHARD A

CONSULTING PHYSICIAN :

ACCESSION#

ADMITTING PHYSICIAN : BORDOW, RICHARD A

ORDER DATE 01/30/07 EXAM DATE

REQUESTING SERVICE

01/30/07

1/30/2007

RADIOLOGY/SAN PABLO

REASON: ASBESTOS PLEURAL DISEASE

. .

ADMITTING DX: ASBESTOS PLEURA

EXAM . CT CHEST/THORAX W/O CM

CT \$CAN OF THE CHEST/THORAX (71250), 1-30-07:

CLINICAL HISTORY:

0016019

Asbestos exposure.

PROCEDURE.

Contiguous non-overlapping 7 mm axial images were obtained from the lung apices through the hemidiaphragms using helical scanning technique, without use of either intravenous or oral contrast.

FINDINGS:

There is pleural thickening with pleural calcification bilaterally. This is most prominent in the anterior aspect of both upper lungs. There is some pleural calcification dorsally on the left. There is no demonstration of focal parenchymal nodule. There is no interstitial lung disease. Coronary artery calcification is present. There is no mediastinal mass or adenopathy.

Date Receive: M.D. Initial: Date:

IMPRESSION:

- 1. Bilateral pleural plaquing with calcification.
- 2. No interstitial lung disease.
- Coronary artery calcification.

TRANSCRIBED: BAVILEZ 02/01/2007 9:26
PATIENT NAME: ZERANGUE, RONALD C

SIG

DICTATED BY: EVANS, HAYDEN O SIGNED BY: EVANS, HAYDEN O SIGNED DATE: 02/01/2007 9:32

Page 1 of 2

2/1/2007 9:34 AM FROM: Fax TO: +1 (510) 233-3114 PAGE: 002 OF 002

EXAM; CT CHEST/THORAX W/O CM

PATIENT NAME: ZERANGUE, RONALD C

MED REC#

ACCOUNT #

ACCESSION #

SEX

RACE 1

PATIENT CLASS OUTPATIENT

00083430

0703000111

0016019

BIRTHDATE 08/23/48

AGE @ EXAM 58 yr .

LOCATION

ADMISSION DATE 01/30/07 7:41 am

ADMITTING PHYSICIAN : BORDOW, RICHARD A

ATTENDING PHYSICIAN: BORDOW, RICHARD A

REFERRING PHYSICIAN : UNKNOWN, PHYSICIAN

CONSULTING PHYSICIAN:

DD: 01/31/07 at 1506 hours

DD:

Daylan O. Coren, no

TRANSCRIBED: BAVILEZ 02/01/2007 9:26 PATIENT NAME: ZERANGUE, RONALD C

DICTATED BY: EVANS, HAYDEN O SIGNED BY : EVANS, HAYDEN O SIGNED DATE: 02/01/2007 9:32

Page 2 of 2

DONALD BREYER, M.D., F.A.C.R. Certified ILO B Reader

6861 Gunn Drive Oakland, CA 94611 (510) 339-9204 Fax: (510) 338-0069

February 8, 2007

ZERANGUE, RONALD

EXAMINATION: A CT scan of the chest including conventional and high resolution images. High resolution images are obtained in prone and supine positions. The study is performed at Doctors Medical Center San Pablo on 1/30/07 and is technically adequate.

DATE OF EXAMINATION: January 30, 2007

In the nondependent lung fields on the prone high resolution images there are bilateral changes of an increased profusion of ill defined centrilobular nodular opacities.

Bilateral changes of chest wall and diaphragmatic pleural plaque are noted. These include bilateral calcified chest wall pleural plaques. Chest wall plaque calcification is noted on both anterior and posterior chest walls. Calcified left pericardial pleural plaque is also present.

Borderline cardiomegaly.

IMPRESSION:

THE PARENCHYMAL FINDINGS PRESENT ARE COMPATIBLE WITH MILD INTERSTITIAL FIBROSIS. THE DISTRIBUTION AND APPEARANCE ARE COMPATIBLE WITH ASBESTOS RELATED INTERSTITIAL FIBROSIS.

BILATERAL CHANGES OF CHEST WALL AND INCLUDING DIAPHRAGMATIC PLEURAL PLAQUE BILATERAL CALCIFIED CHEST WALL PLEURAL **CALCIFIED** PLAQUES ARE PRESENT. DIAPHRAGMATIC PLEURAL PLAQUE IS ALSO SEEN. **FINDINGS** THESE ARE PATHOGNOMONIC ASBESTOS RELATED PLEURAL DISEASE.

ac



CLINICAL LABORATORY REPORT

HEMATOLOGY

SPECIMEN DATE SPECIMEN TIME	01/30/07 0740					
BLOOD COUNT					REFERENCE	UNITS
		,				
WBC X 10^3	5.7				(4.8-10.8)	/CMM
RBC X 10^6	4.89				(4.22-5.70)	/CMM
HEMOGLOBIN	14.7				(13.5-16.6)	GM/DL
HEMATOCRIT	44				(40-50)	8
MCV	90				(80-94)	FL
MCH	30				(26-33)	PG
мснс	33.7			•	(32.0-36.0)	GM/DL
RDW .	12.4				(11.6~14.5)	8
PLATELET X 10^3	212				(130-392)	/CMM
MEAN PLT VOL	7.4				(7.4-10.4)	PL

DOCTORS MEDICAL CENTER

2000 VALE ROAD SAN PABLO, CA 94806

Date Receive: MEDICAL DIRECTOR, JOHN PORPLINGO, MD PATIENT: ZERANGUE, RONALD C

MEDICAL RECORD NUM: (00002)000083430

FINANCIAL NUM: 703000111

DOB: 08/23/1948

SEX: M

PHYSICIAN: BORDOW, RICHARD A ADMIT DATE: 01/30/2007

NSG STN: 02LA

ROOM:

BED:

PRINT DATE: 01/30/2007

PRINT TIME: 1436

REPORT TYPE: CUMULATIVE

DONALD BREYER, M.D., F.A.C.R. Certified ILO B Reader

6861 Gunn Drive Oakland, CA 94611 (510) 339-9204 Fax: (510) 338-0069

February 8, 2007

ZERANGUE, RONALD

EXAMINATION: A CT scan of the chest including conventional and high resolution images. High resolution images are obtained in prone and supine positions. The study is performed at Doctors Medical Center San Pablo on 1/30/07 and is technically adequate.

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In the nondependent lung fields on the prone high resolution images there are bilateral changes of an increased profusion of ill defined centrilobular nodular opacities.

Bilateral changes of chest wall and diaphragmatic pleural plaque are noted. These include bilateral calcified chest wall pleural plaques. Chest wall plaque calcification is noted on both anterior and posterior chest walls. Calcified left pericardial pleural plaque is also present.

Borderline cardiomegaly.

IMPRESSION:

THE PARENCHYMAL FINDINGS PRESENT ARE COMPATIBLE WITH MILD INTERSTITIAL FIBROSIS. THE DISTRIBUTION AND APPEARANCE ARE COMPATIBLE WITH ASBESTOS RELATED INTERSTITIAL FIBROSIS.

BILATERAL **CHANGES** OF CHEST WALL AND DIAPHRAGMATIC **PLEURAL** PLAQUE INCLUDING BILATERAL CALCIFIED CHEST WALL **PLEURAL** ARE PRESENT. CALCIFIED PLAQUES **LEFT** DIAPHRAGMATIC PLEURAL PLAQUE IS ALSO SEEN. **PATHOGNOMONIC** THESE **FINDINGS** ARE ASBESTOS RELATED PLEURAL DISEASE.

ac-



ZERANGUE, RONALD C.

Oakland, CA 94611-1442

DATE OF RADIOGRAPH MONTH DAY YEAR	
10 20 2003	THE STATE OF THE S
	GRAPHIC INTERPRETATION YPE OF READING
Note: Please record your interpretation of a single film by	
placing an "x" in the appropriate boxes on this form.	roper position Underinflation
1. FILM QUALITY Overexposed (dark) hmg	Oroper position Undernation
1 3 U/R Underexposed (light) Pox	or contrast Mottle
(!f not Grade I, mark all boxes that apply) Artifacts Poc	or processing Other (please specify)
2A. ANY PARENCHYMAL ABNORMALITIES CONSISTENT WITH PNEUMOCONIOSIS?	YES Complete Sections NO Proceed to Section 3A
2B. SMALL OPACITIES b. ZONES	c. PROFUSION 2C. LARGE OPACITIES
A SHAPE/SIZË PRIMARY SECONDARY R L	0/- 0/0 0/1
P S UPPER	SIZE A B C Proceed to Section 3A
1 1 9 MDDLE XX	2/1 2/2 2/3
ru ru LOWER	3/2 3/3 3/+
3A. ANY PLEURAL ABNORMALITIES CONSISTENT WITH PNEUMOCONIOSIS?	YES Complete Sections NO Proceed to Section 4A
3B. PLEURAL PLAQUES (mark site, calcification, extent, and wid	uh)
	ent (chest wall; combined for Width (in profile only) rofile and face on) (3 mm minimum width required)
	to 1/4 of lateral chest wall = 1 3 to 5 mm = a
	to 1/2 of lateral chest wall = 2 5 to 10 mm = b
Face on R L R L	> 1/2 of lateral chest wall = 3 > 10 mm = c
Face on R R L R L Diaphragm O R X R L O	> 1/2 of lateral chest wall = 3
Face on R L R L	> 1/2 of lateral chest wall = 3 R
Face on R L R L Diaphragm O R X R L O	> 1/2 of lateral chest wall = 3
Diaphragm O R R L O O R L O R L O O R L O R L O O R L O R L O O R L O R	> 1/2 of lateral chest wall = 3 R O R O R O R O R O R O Proceed to Section 3D Extent (chest wall; combined for Width (in profile only)
Diaphragm O R R L O R L O Other site(s) R L R L I I SC. COSTOPHRENIC ANGLE OBLITERATION R 3D. DIFFUSE PLEURAL THICKENING (mark site, calcification extent, and width) Site	> 1/2 of lateral chest wall = 3 R O R O R O R O R O R O R O R O R O R
Diaphragm O R R L O O R L O R L O O R R L O O R R L O O R R L O O R R L O R L I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	> 1/2 of lateral chest wall = 3 R
Diaphragm O R R L O R L O Other site(s) R L R L I 3C. COSTOPHRENIC ANGLE OBLITERATION R 3D. DIFFUSE PLEURAL THICKENING (mark site, calcification extent, and width) Site Chest wall In profile O R L O R L	> 1/2 of lateral chest wall = 3 R
Diaphragm ORRL ODIAPhragm ORRL ODIAPHRA ODIAPHR	> 1/2 of lateral chest wall = 3
Diaphragm O R R L O R L O Other site(s) R L R L I 3C. COSTOPHRENIC ANGLE OBLITERATION R 3D. DIFFUSE PLEURAL THICKENING (mark site, calcification extent, and width) Site Chest wall In profile O R L O R L	> 1/2 of lateral chest wall = 3 R O R O R O R O R O R O R O R O R O R
Diaphragm ORR L O R L O Other site(s) R L R L I 3C. COSTOPHRENIC ANGLE OBLITERATION R 3D. DIFFUSE PLEURAL THICKENING (mark site, calcification extent, and width) Site Chest wall In profile ORL ORL Face on ORL 4A. ANY OTHER ABNORMALITIES? 4B. OTHER SYMBOLS (OBLIGATORY)	> 10 mm = c R
Diaphragm ORR LORL O Other site(s) RL RL 3C. COSTOPHRENIC ANGLE OBLITERATION R 3D. DIFFUSE PLEURAL THICKENING (mark site, calcification extent, and width) Site Chest wall In profile ORL Face on ORL ORL 4A. ANY OTHER ABNORMALITIES? 4B. OTHER SYMBOLS (OBLIGATORY) aa at ax by ca cg cn co cp cy di ef	> 1/2 of lateral chest wall = 3 R O R O R O R O R O R O R O R O R O R
Diaphragm ORR L O R L O Other site(s) R L R L I 3C. COSTOPHRENIC ANGLE OBLITERATION R 3D. DIFFUSE PLEURAL THICKENING (mark site, calcification extent, and width) Site Chest wall In profile ORL ORL Face on ORL 4A. ANY OTHER ABNORMALITIES? 4B. OTHER SYMBOLS (OBLIGATORY)	> 1/2 of lateral chest wall = 3 R O R O R O R O R O R O R O R O R O R
Diaphragm ORR L O Other site(s) R L O Other site(s) R L R L I 3C. COSTOPHRENIC ANGLE OBLITERATION R 3D. DIFFUSE PLEURAL THICKENING (mark site, calcification extent, and width) Site Calcification ORL 4A. ANY OTHER ABNORMALITIES? 4B. OTHER SYMBOLS (OBLIGATORY) aa at ax bu ca cg cn co cp cy di ef OD If other diseases or significant abnormalities, findings 4E. Should worker see personal physician because of findings in s	> 10 mm = c O R O R O R O R O R O R O R O
Diaphragm ORR L O R L O Other site(s) R L DIAPHRENIC ANGLE OBLITERATION R 3D. DIFFUSE PLEURAL THICKENING (mark site, calcification extent, and width) Site Chest wall In profile ORL ORL Face on ORL ORL 4A. ANY OTHER ABNORMALITIES? 4B. OTHER SYMBOLS (OBLIGATORY) aa at ax bu ca cg cn co cp cy di ef OD If other diseases or significant abnormalities, findings	> 1/2 of lateral chest wall = 3 R O R O R O R O R O R O R O R O R O R
Diaphragm ORR L O Other site(s) R L O Other site(s) R L R L I 3C. COSTOPHRENIC ANGLE OBLITERATION R 3D. DIFFUSE PLEURAL THICKENING (mark site, calcification extent, and width) Site Calcification ORL 4A. ANY OTHER ABNORMALITIES? 4B. OTHER SYMBOLS (OBLIGATORY) aa at ax bu ca cg cn co cp cy di ef OD If other diseases or significant abnormalities, findings 4E. Should worker see personal physician because of findings in s	> 10 mm = c O R O R O R O R O R O R O R O
Diaphragm OR R L O Other site(s) R L I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	> 1/2 of lateral chest wall = 3 R O R O R O R O R O R O R O R O R O R

Abnormalities of the Diaphragm	Lung Parenchymal Abnormalities			
] Eventration	☐ Azygos lobe			
☐ Hiatal hernia	☐ Density, lung			
	☐ Infiltrate			
Airway Disorders	☐ Nodule, nodular lesion			
☐ Bronchovascular markings, heavy or increased				
☐ Hyperinflation	Miscellaneous Abnormalities			
	☐ Foreign body			
Bony Abnormalities	☐ Post-surgical changes/sternal wire			
☐ Bony chest cage abnormality	☐ Cyst			
Fracture, healed (non-rib)	•			
☐ Fracture, not healed (non-rib)	Vascular Disorders			
□ Scoliosis	Aorta, anomaly of			
☐ Vertebral column abnormality	☐ Vascular abnormality			
	·			
•	•			
4D. OTHER COMMENTS				
·				
·				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	· .			